

Aeon Metals Limited
ABN 91 121 964 725

Annual report
30 June 2015

Contents

	Page
Directors' report (including remuneration report)	3
Consolidated statement of financial position	28
Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	29
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	30
Consolidated statement of cash flows	31
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	32
Directors' declaration	63
Independent auditor's report	64
Lead auditor's independence declaration	66

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

The directors present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group comprising of Aeon Metals Limited (the Company and/or Aeon) and its subsidiaries (the Group) for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 and the auditor's report thereon.

1. Directors

The directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Directors:

Mr. Thomas Joseph Mann	(appointed 28 June 2010)
Mr. John Leslie Goody	(appointed 28 September 2006)
Mr. Edgar George Newman	(appointed 31 December 2008)
Mr. Hamish Collins	(appointed 28 March 2012)
Mr. Paul Harris	(appointed 17 December 2014)

The directors have been in office since the start of the financial period to the date of this report unless otherwise stated. Information on each person's qualifications, experience and special responsibilities is given in section 8 of the Directors' report.

2. Company secretary

The following person held the position of Company Secretary at the end of the financial period:

Mr. Stephen J. Lonergan LLB (Hons), LL.M (McGill)

Mr. Lonergan was company secretary of KBL Mining Limited until 1 May 2014 and retired as an executive director of that company on 15 May 2014. He was the general counsel and company secretary of CBH Resources Ltd until its takeover in 2010 and was a director and company secretary of Paradigm Metals Ltd until November 2012 and a director of Finders Resources Limited until August 2013. He was also general counsel of Savage Resources and Pancontinental Mining and has been involved in the Australian and international mining industry for more than 30 years.

Mr. Lonergan was appointed Company Secretary on 28 September 2006.

3. Principal activities

The principal activities of the Group during the financial period were the development of the Walford Creek (100%) base metal project and exploration for base and precious metals mineralisation in Northwest Queensland. The Group's mineral assets comprise a regionally extensive, but disparate, tenement holding in Queensland, namely:

- A 100% interest in the Walford Creek copper-lead-zinc project.
- A 100% interest in permits comprising:
 - Greater Whitewash Polymetallic Project ("Greater Whitewash");
 - Ben Hur Copper Project ("Ben Hur") (a combined John Hill/Kiwi Carpet project); and
 - 7B Copper/Gold Project ("7B").
- A 100% interest in the Forsyth Site project.
- Various interests in 6 permits of the Isa North base metals EPMS.
- Various interests in 3 permits of the Isa West base metals-phosphate EPMS.
- Various interests in 10 permits of the Isa South copper-gold EPMS.
- Various interests in 4 permits of the Constance Range base metals EPMS.
- JV with Rio Tinto on one EPM

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial period.

4. Operating and financial review

Operating Results

The loss of the Group amounted to \$9,154,000 (2014: \$5,489,000) including impairment losses of \$7,270,000 (2014: \$3,881,000).

Dividends

No dividends were paid or declared and no dividends have been recommended by the Directors.

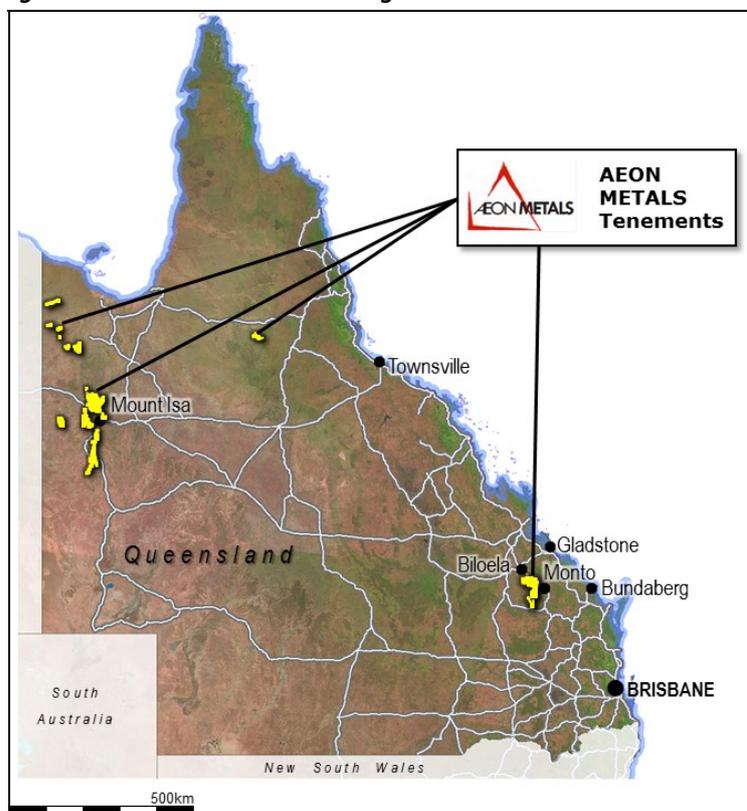
Review of Exploration Operations

The twelve month period to 30 June 2015 has seen the Company actively advance the Walford Creek Project, a large base metals project with a significant JORC Indicated and Inferred Resource. Walford Creek Project was the flagship asset of Aston Metals (Qld) Ltd (renamed Aeon Walford Creek Limited) (“AWCL”), which was acquired from Receivers and Managers by Aeon on 17 June 2014. AWCL holds an extensive (~2,975km²) exploration tenement portfolio, linked by significant fault architecture, in the world-class Mt Isa mineral province in Northwest Queensland.

The Company also has a tenement package in Southeast Queensland with a focus on copper. This tenement package, consisting of Ben Hur, 7B, and Greater Whitewash Projects, are all significant projects within a 15km radius of each other. The tenement package in Southeast Queensland has become a multiple project copper province with the ability to develop a centralised processing plant to service the combined project base. This is assisted by the fact that the location of the projects are all close to major infrastructure (power, sealed highway, water) and only 215km by highway to Gladstone port.

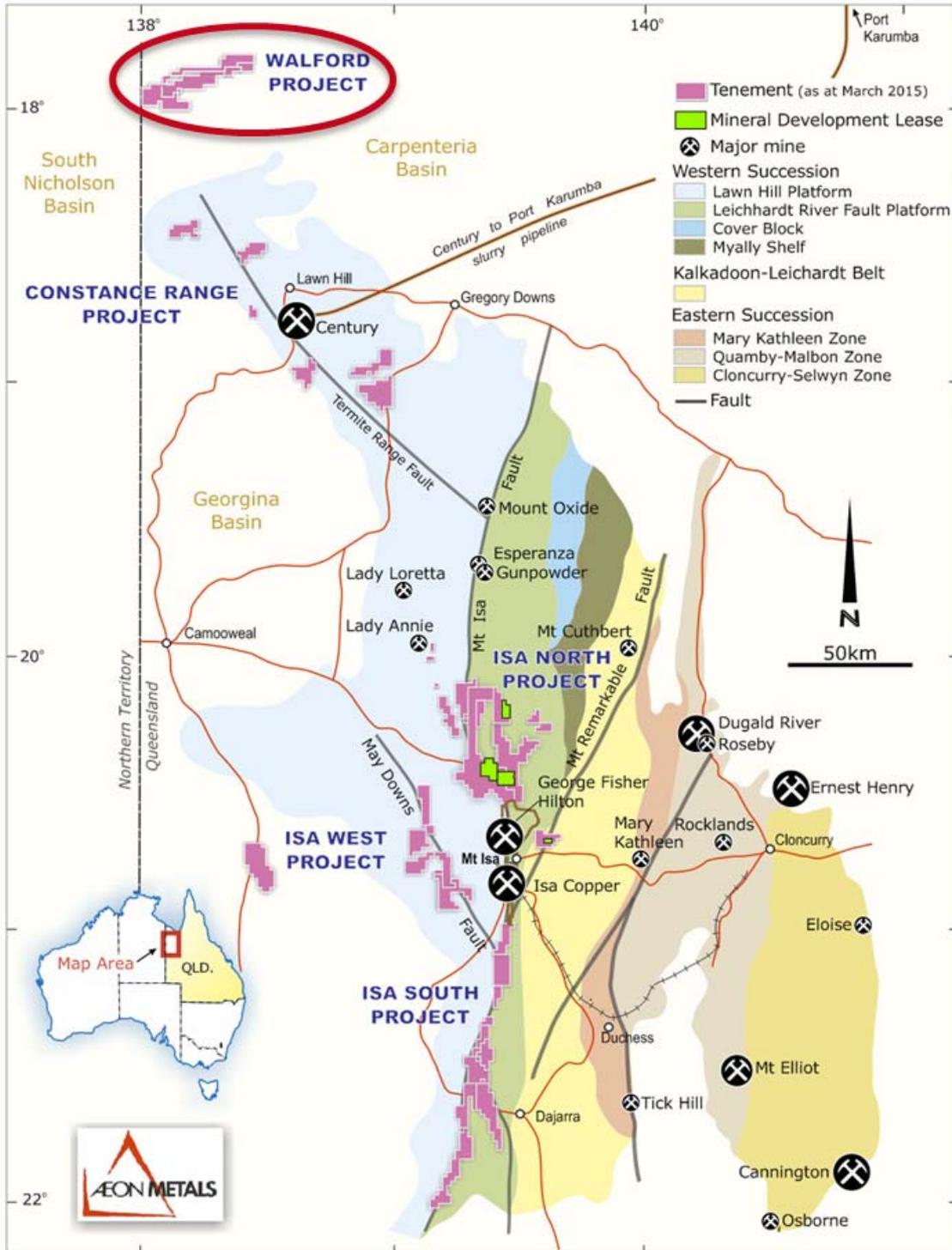
The location of Aeon’s tenement holdings in Northwest and Southeast Queensland is shown below:

Figure 1: Aeon's Tenement Holdings



4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)
NORTHWEST QUEENSLAND PROJECTS

Figure 2: Location of Aeon's Northwest Queensland Projects



Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

THE WALFORD CREEK PROJECT

The flagship asset and highest priority tenement holding of Aeon is the 100% owned Walford Creek Project. The Walford Creek Project has a clear pathway to project development with the potential for open pit mine development of world class scale.

The Walford Creek Project is located approximately 350km north west of Mount Isa in northwest Queensland, close to the Northern Territory border. The closest town is Doomadgee, approximately 70km to the East, which is accessed by a sealed road from Cloncurry. Doomadgee has a commercial airstrip that connects the project site to other major centres within Queensland.

At Walford Creek, Aeon holds the right to explore for minerals on 3 granted exploration permits covering a total area of 176km² as summarised below:

Table 1: Aeon's Tenement Holdings - Walford Creek (WC) Project

Tenement Summary							
EPM	Tenement Name	Project	Status	Sub Blocks	Kms ²	Grant Date	Expiry Date
EPM 14220	Walford Creek	WC	Granted	41	131.282	08-Mar-04	07-Mar-17
EPM 14854	Walford East	WC	Granted	6	19.212	22-Nov-05	21-Nov-15
EPM 18552	Walford Far East	WC	Granted	7	22.414	30-Nov-12	29-Nov-17
EPMA 25810	Walford Ck West	WC	In Application	78	249.75	-	-

Between late June and September 2014, the Company completed a 6,021m (1,805m RC & 4,216m Diamond) drill campaign, which confirmed the previous geological and resource model developed after the completion of 9,300m of RC and Diamond in 2012. The 2014 drilling was a combination of infill, deeper testing below the 2013 JORC Resource, and step out drilling, and generated excellent results with, in some cases, significant widths of high grade base metals' mineralisation intersected in areas where no previous resource blocks existed.

2014 drilling assay results with significant intercepts* include:

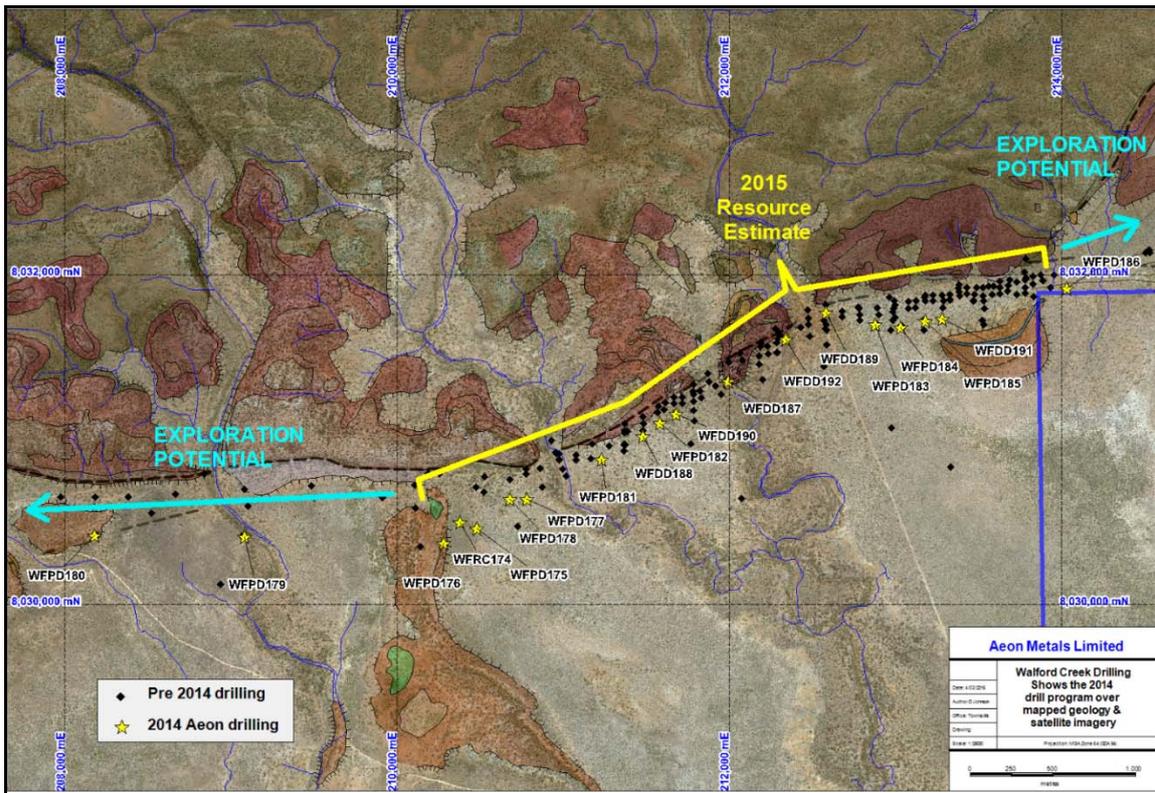
- WFPD177 – 35m @ 1.0% Cu, 0.15% Co, 1.0% Pb, 0.7% Zn, and 37g/t Ag from 291m
- WFPD178 – 33m @ 1.7% Zn, 1.3% Pb, and 18g/t Ag from 214m
- WFPD179 – 11m @ 5.7% Zn, 0.17% Co, 0.3% Pb, and 8g/t Ag from 445m
- WFPD181 – 20m @ 1.0% Cu, 0.24% Co, 2.2% Pb, 2.3% Zn, and 44g/t Ag from 266m
- WFPD182 – 32m @ 1.5% Cu, 0.23% Co, and 21g/t Ag from 219m
- WFPD184 – 20m @ 1.1% Cu, 0.22% Co, 0.1% Pb, 0.1% Zn, and 27g/t Ag from 262m
- WFPD185 – 15m @ 2.1% Cu, 0.15% Co, 0.5% Pb, 0.3% Zn, and 26g/t Ag from 242m
- WFDD188 – 32m @ 0.9% Cu, 0.14% Co, 2.0% Pb, 0.9% Zn and 49 g/t Ag from 231m

*See Appendix 2 for Significant Intercepts Table

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

Figure 3: Walford Creek 2014 Drill Plan and 2015 Resource strike

Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015



On 6 March 2015, the Company announced an updated and increased Mineral Resource Estimate undertaken by H&S Consultants Pty Ltd (“H&SC”) (reported in accordance with the 2012 JORC Code and Guidelines) for the Walford Creek Project. The H&SC report, using the same resource modelling methodology as the previous Resource estimates, showed a 52% increase in the size of the Indicated and Inferred Resources including a 13.5% increase in the Indicated Resources. The new 2015 Inferred and Indicated Mineral Resource is 73mt @ 1.43% Cu Equiv¹.

The Resource estimates for Walford Creek are now as follows:

Table 2: Resource Estimates for Walford Creek

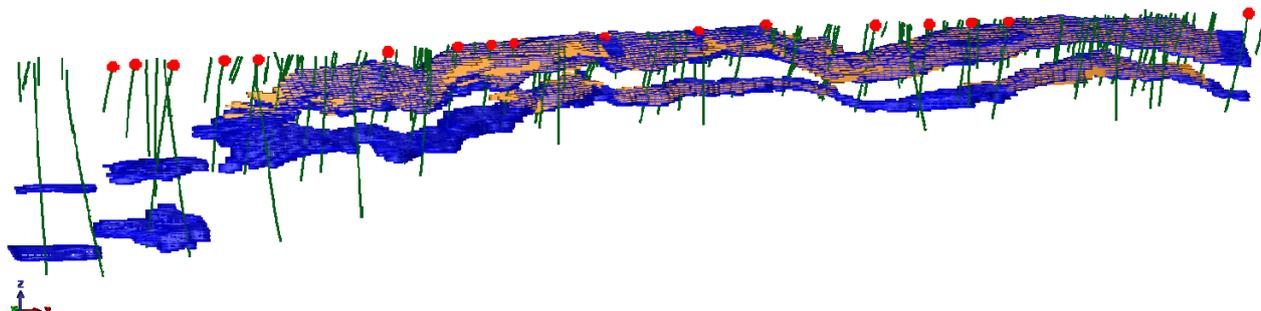
Category	Mt	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (g/t)	Co (ppm)
Indicated	18.2	0.48	0.83	1.02	20.1	909
Inferred	57.1	0.39	0.86	0.80	24.5	785
Total	73.3	0.40	0.85	0.85	23.5	813
Category	Mt	Cu (kt)	Pb (kt)	Zn (kt)	Ag (Moz)	Co (kt)
Indicated	18.2	75	135	188	10.5	14.8
Inferred	57.1	221	491	457	44.9	44.8
Total	73.3	296	626	623	55	60

At 0.55% CuEquiv cut-off: See Appendix 1 for Resource Estimate Assumptions

¹CuEquiv based on 16 Feb 2015 price. See Appendix1 for Copper Equivalents

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

Figure 4: 2015 Resource Estimates Mineralised Zones



Additionally, reporting of the Resource estimates using a dollar value cut off for the block is as follows:

Table 3: Resource Estimate using dollar value cut-off

US\$ Cut Off	Mt	Cu %	Pb %	Zn %	Ag g/t	Co ppm
50	43.6	0.57	1.08	1.06	27.5	1091
60	34.1	0.66	1.20	1.14	29.4	1221
70	27.7	0.74	1.31	1.21	31.4	1322
80	22.6	0.80	1.44	1.28	33.5	1417
90	18.7	0.86	1.57	1.35	35.6	1485

Metal prices used are US\$5,535/t for copper, US\$1,839/t for lead, US\$2,123/t for zinc, US\$16.5/oz for silver & US\$29,000/t for cobalt. Assumed recoveries are 90% for Cu, 75% for Pb, Zn, Ag and Co. (minor rounding errors)

The current Mineral Resource has been defined along a 5km strike length of the Fish River Fault corridor, which extends over a distance of approximately 25km within the Walford Creek tenements. The mineralisation is largely structurally controlled and there is further potential for extension to the defined Mineral Resource along the strike length of the fault.

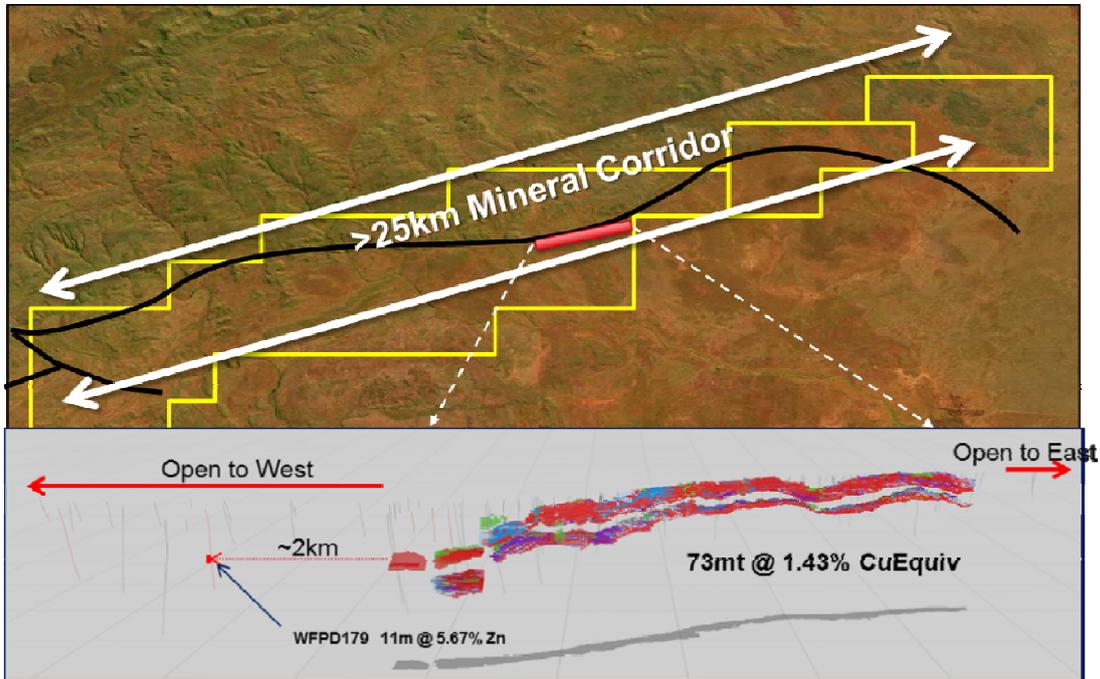
During the year, the Walford Creek Project successfully qualified for partial funding under Round 8 of the Future Resources Program, Collaborative Drilling Initiative, administered by the Queensland Department of Natural Resources and Mines. Under the terms of the grant, which totals a maximum of \$107,250, Aeon utilised these funds to drill specific holes referred to as WFPD179 and WFPD180 (see Figure 3). These holes are approximately 1.6km and 2.3km respectively along strike from the Walford Creek Resource.

These 2 holes successfully confirmed the existence of the same mineralised stratigraphic zones as those within the main Walford Creek deposit. The Company believes that new mineral occurrences can be found along the Fish River Fault corridor and outside of the current Resource area

The drilling from both the 2014 campaign together with previous drilling undertaken by companies including WMC and Pasmenco highlights the potential of this highly prospective region along strike from the Resource.

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

Figure 5: Walford Creek Project tenement and Fish River Fault strike

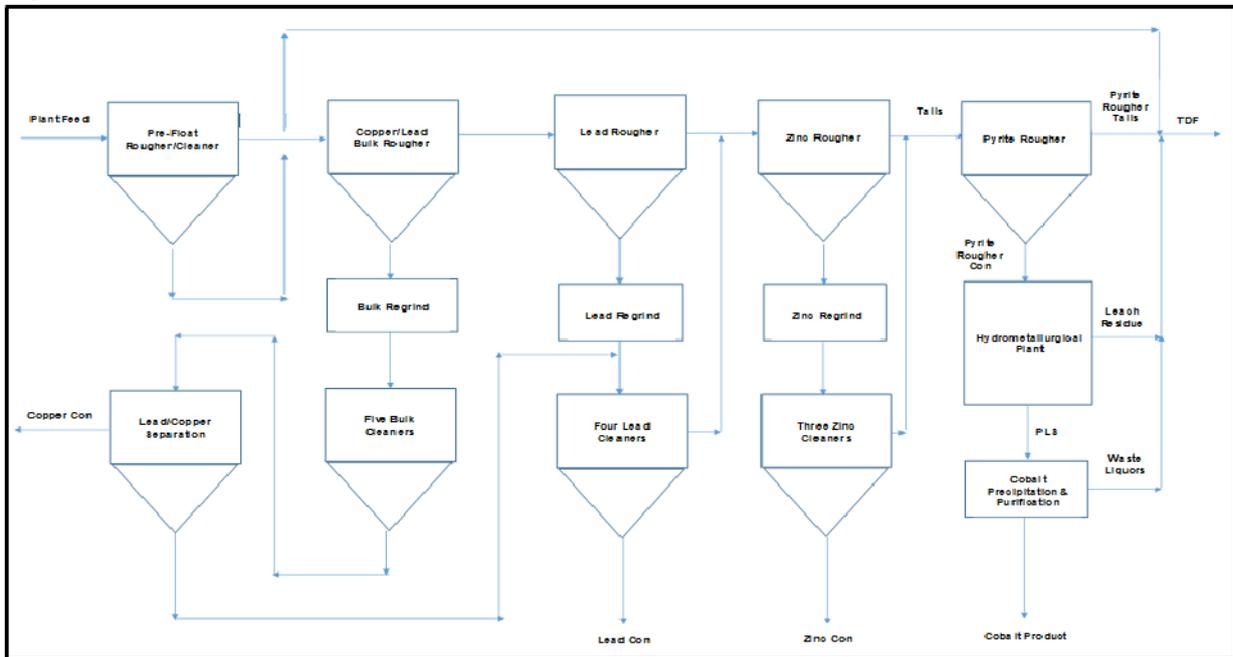


Aeon has been engaged in establishing the key feasibility drivers for the Project (eg product definition and metallurgical processing, conceptual mining and plant design, and indicative logistics and infrastructure studies) in anticipation of a formal Bankable Feasibility Study in due course.

Metallurgical test work commenced in September 2014 and progress has been made utilising 3 lithological units using core materials stored from the 2012 program. From these tests, information has been generated that indicates a multi component circuit would be utilised to process the ore. Additionally, drillcore samples from the 2014 program were selected for a composite and using the best test conditions from the previous work, a multi stage flotation separation program was conducted. This flowsheet testwork determined that copper, zinc, lead and pyrite concentrates can be produced in a flotation circuit as shown in the following diagram.

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

Figure 6: Walford Creek Flowsheet



The pyrite concentrate contains the recoverable cobalt, and testwork is now required to determine the optimal hydrometallurgical process for recovery.

The infrastructure in the gulf region of Northwest Queensland is undergoing change with the Century Mine forecast to close by November 2015 and conversely the focus by government to upgrade the road system. The Company is therefore reviewing a number of possible options which could be cost effective for a Walford Creek mining, processing, and logistics project.

Figure 7 below shows the infrastructure (roads, townships including Century Mine, and Karumba port) for the Northwest gulf area.

Figure 7: Northwest Queensland road/port infrastructure and Walford Creek location



Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

On site environmental base line studies for the wet season period from March 2015 to May 2015 were completed. The baseline studies included collection of botanical species for identification, fauna movement capture by remote cameras and bat audio capture and identification. Final reports on the field work are to be compiled for inclusion into a Draft Terms of Reference document required for the application of an Environmental Impact Statement for the Walford Creek Project.

OTHER NORTHWEST QUEENSLAND PROJECTS (excluding Walford Creek)

In addition to the Walford Creek Project, the AWCL acquisition provided Aeon with interests in a number of other base metal projects in the Mount Isa and Constance Range areas of northwest Queensland. This tenement package is extensive (covering some 2,975km²) and located in the world-class Mt Isa minerals province in North West Queensland. It includes contiguous land holding (~170km) along the Mt Isa Fault, bordering north and south of Glencore Xstrata's Mount Isa Mines. These permits extend over a distance of approximately 500km from north to south and are subdivided into 4 main project areas, namely Constance Range, Isa North, Isa West and Isa South.

Northwest Queensland is host to a number of significant base metal mines such as Mount Isa, George Fisher Hilton, Mount Gordon, Ernest Henry, Osborne, Lady Loretta and the Century zinc mine. This area is accessible by road and the city of Mount Isa is the largest population centre in the region. It has its own airport connecting the region to major centres in Australia.

Aeon has interests (through joint venture and/or 100% ownership) in 29 granted EPMs covering a total area of approximately 2,975km² for the 5 project areas. Table 1 shows the Walford Creek Project tenements and Table 4 (below) shows the other tenement holdings.

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

**Table 4: Aeon's Tenement Holdings - Other Northwest Queensland Projects
(excluding Walford Creek tenements)**

Exploration Permit for Minerals (EPM) - Tenement Summary							
EPM No.	Tenement Name	Project	Status	Sub Block	Kms ²	Grant Date	Expiry Date
EPM 11897	May Downs	IW	Granted	21	67.242	07-Jul-04	06-Jul-18
EPM 11898	May Downs South	IW	Granted	23	73.646	07-Jul-04	06-Jul-18
EPM 12653	Mt Annable	IS	Granted	9	28.818	09-Jul-03	08-Jul-18
EPM 13412	Yappo	IS	Granted	28	89.656	16-Dec-11	15-Dec-16
EPM 13413	Rufus	IS	Granted	27	86.454	16-Dec-11	15-Dec-16
EPM 13682	Wonomo	IS	Granted	43	137.686	16-Dec-11	15-Dec-16
EPM 14040	Kahko	IS	Granted	8	25.616	20-Apr-05	19-Apr-18
EPM 14233	Mt Guide	IS	Granted	17	54.434	20-Apr-05	19-Apr-17
EPM 14694	Mount Kelly South	IN	Granted	4	12.808	19-Oct-05	18-Oct-18
EPM 14712	Constance Range	C	Granted	23	73.646	21-Aug-06	20-Aug-14
EPM 14713	Constance Range Sth	C	Granted	19	60.838	21-Aug-06	20-Aug-14
EPM 14821	Waverly	IS	Granted	25	80.05	08-Jan-07	07-Jan-15
EPM 14935	Riversleigh	C	Granted	20	64.04	21-Aug-06	20-Aug-16
EPM 15156	Rufus South	IS	Granted	43	153.696	22-Mar-07	21-Mar-17
EPM 15186	Gregory	C	Granted	63	201.726	23-Mar-07	22-Mar-17
EPM 15212	Yaringa	IW	Granted	42	134.484	13-Aug-07	12-Aug-15
EPM 15911	Blue Hills	IS	Granted	16	51.232	15-Nov-07	14-Nov-16
EPM 16921	Buckley River	IN	Granted	21	67.242	23-Feb-10	22-Feb-15
EPM 17297	Blue Hills West	IS	Granted	3	9.606	21-Jun-10	20-Jun-16
EPM 17300	Waverly North	IN	Granted	5	16.01	06-Jul-09	05-Jul-18
EPM 17511	Andersons	IN	Granted	15	48.03	06-Jan-15	05-Jan-20
EPM 17513	Calton	IN	Granted	50	160.1	06-Jan-15	05-Jan-20
EPM 17514	Valhalla	IN	Granted	110	352.22	06-Jan-15	05-Jan-20
EPM 17519	Skal	IN	Granted	79	252.96	06-Jan-15	05-Jan-20
EPM 18395	Isa South	IW	Granted	33	105.666	14-Apr-11	13-Apr-16
EPM 18769	Beauchamps	IW	Granted	50	160.1	23-May-12	22-May-17

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

Table 5: MDL Tenement Summary

Mineral Development Licence (MDL) - Tenement Summary									
MDL No.	Tenement Name	Project	Status	Holder	JV	Hectares	Grant Date	Start Date	Expiry date
MDL 509	Andersons	IN	Granted	SUMM	AML	640.7685	25-Aug-14	01-Sep-14	31-Aug-19
MDL 510	Valhalla	IN	Granted	SUMM	AML	5130.7394	25-Aug-14	01-Sep-14	31-Aug-19
MDL 511	Watta	IN	Granted	SUMM	AML	2194.2358	25-Aug-14	01-Sep-14	31-Aug-19
MDL 513	Skal	IN	Granted	SUMM	AML	3827.6479	25-Aug-14	01-Sep-14	31-Aug-19

SUMM = Summit Resources (Aust) Pty Ltd AML= Aeon Metals Limited

Isa North (IN)

The Isa North Mining Rights Agreement, between Summit Resources (Aust) Pty Ltd (“Summit”) and Aston, covers the Isa North Project’s EPMS. In accordance with the Agreement, Aston has earned an 80% interest in the non-uranium mineral potential within the Isa North Co-operative area through exploration and expenditure. Summit retains 100% ownership of the tenements and sole and exclusive rights to uranium.

The Isa North tenements are located immediately adjacent to the northern boundary of Glencore’s Mount Isa Mine Mining Lease covering the world-class Mount Isa copper and the Mount Isa, Hilton and George Fisher zinc-lead-silver deposits.

The Isa North tenements cover a series of intersecting major faults including the Mount Isa, Hero, and Western Fault zones. Aeon’s primary target within the Isa North tenement package is the Hero Prospect, which lies along the Hero Fault.

Isa South (IS)

The Isa South Project is located along the southern extensions of the Mount Isa Fault Zone adjacent to the southern margin of the Mount Isa Mining Lease. Priority targets within the Isa South Project area include Mount Annable, Waverly, Mount Guide and the Aztec Ridge prospects.

Isa West (IW)

The Isa West Project comprises 3 tenements from the Western Isa Agreement with Summit and 2 by Aston. Part of the project area straddles approximately 50km of the significant north norwest trending May Downs Fault corridor. Geological mapping and surface geochemical surveys have identified a number of highly significant copper anomalies which require further drill targeting.

Constance Range (C)

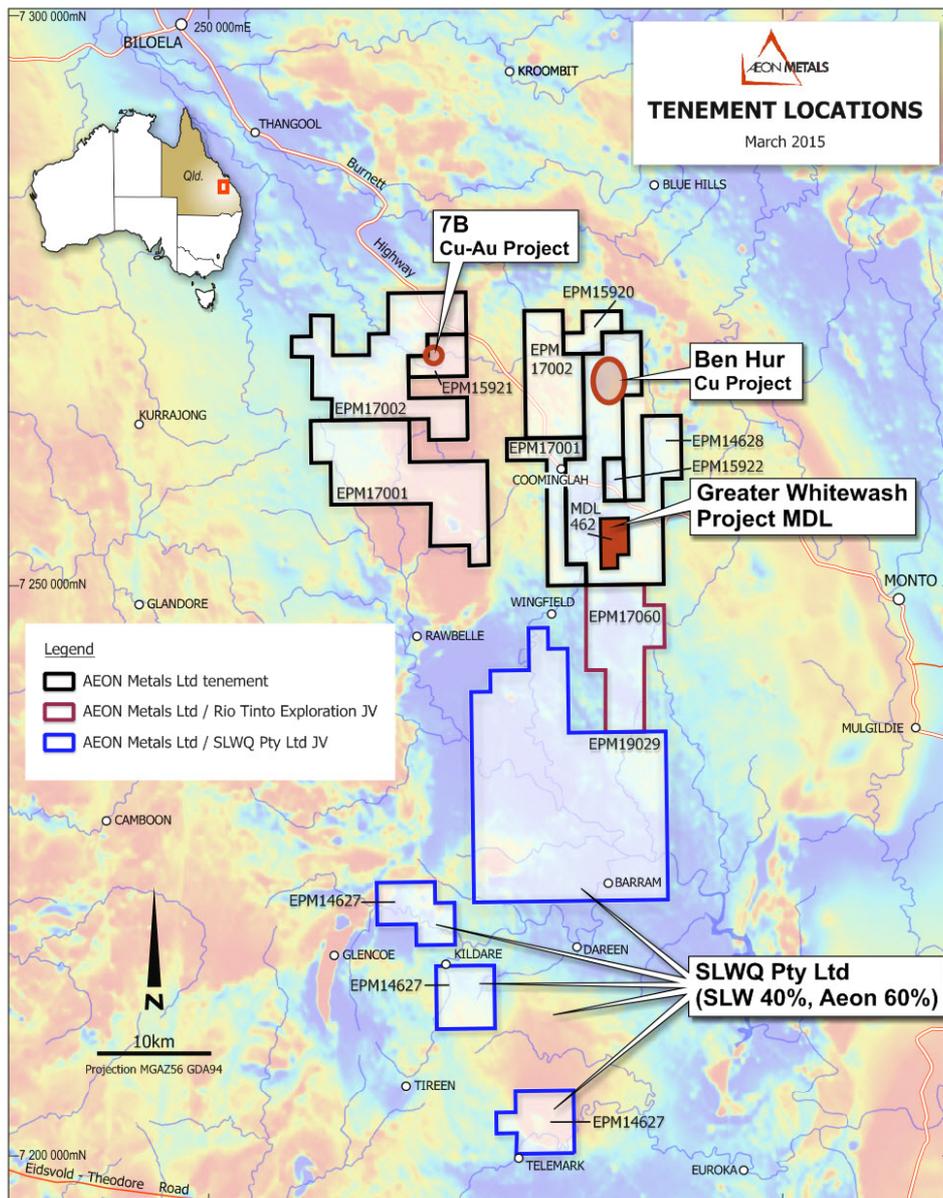
The Constance Range tenements lie along or adjacent to the Termite Range Fault associated with stratabound base metal mineralisation at the world-class Century zinc-lead-silver deposit. The Musselbrook copper-gold prospect is the focus of Aeon’s near term exploration activities within the Constance Range Project area. The prospect is located approximately 30km north of the Century Mine.

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)
SOUTHEAST QUEENSLAND OPERATIONS

The Southeast Queensland tenement package lies approximately 30kms west of the town of Monto, Queensland. Monto is a town of 1,300 people and located approximately 115kms south west of Gladstone, a deep-water port. The region hosts exceptionally good infrastructure including a mining-oriented town with a willing workforce, bitumen highways that pass through the permit areas, a viable rail system, extensive power grid and large scale water resources.

The Group controls 10 EPMs and 1 MDL, namely, EPMs 14627, 14628, 15920, 15921, 15922, 17001, 17002, 17060, 18359, 19029 and MDL 462, all of which are held 100% by the Company. In 2012 the Company entered into an earn-in and joint venture with Rio Tinto Exploration Pty Ltd on EPM 17060.

Figure 8: Southeast Queensland Tenement locations



4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

7B Project (EPM 15921)

During the 12 month period the Company actively explored on the 7B Project. Specifically,:

- A detailed gold soil geochemical survey was undertaken over the core of the multiphase magnetic intrusion to confirm earlier anomalous soil results. Additionally, a petrographic report was completed. This petrographic work, combined with the core log taken from diamond hole 14B059D and results from nearby RC drill holes, demonstrated the potential for VMS mineralisation in the Meat Ant area contained within the 7B Project boundary.
- Historical ground magnetic data was reprocessed and modelled. This highlighted a multiphase intrusion beneath earlier anomalous gold soil samples and also helped define the structural discontinuity between the Wild Chilli and Meat Ant prospects. These results, combined with ground magnetic survey and IP data, have been used to design a drill program to target deeper ore bodies of blind high grade mineralisation. Some additional drill targets were also defined.

Ben Hur Project (EPM14628)

In November 2013, Aeon announced a maiden Ben Hur JORC compliant Mineral Resource estimate for the John Hill copper-silver-molybdenum deposit within the Ben Hur Project. It contains 190,000 tonnes of copper, 2,700,000 ounces of silver and 16,665,000lbs of molybdenum (at a 0.24% copper cut-off). The Mineral Resource estimate was completed by geological consultant SRK Consulting in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Resource comprises:

Table 6: Ben Hur Mineral Resource

JORC Classification (@ 0.24% Cu cut-off)	Tonnage (Mt)	Cu Grade (%)	Mo Grade (%)	Ag Grade (g/t)	Cu (t)	Mo (Mlb)	Ag (Moz)
Inferred	62	0.30	0.012	1.30	190,000	16.7	2.7

Ben Hur has been identified as a large mineralised copper system with the presence of an extended chalcocite supergene zone. 3D modelling utilising raw copper grades on Ben Hur has been undertaken by geological consultants resulting in a clear geological porphyry model with a significant supergene blanket present.

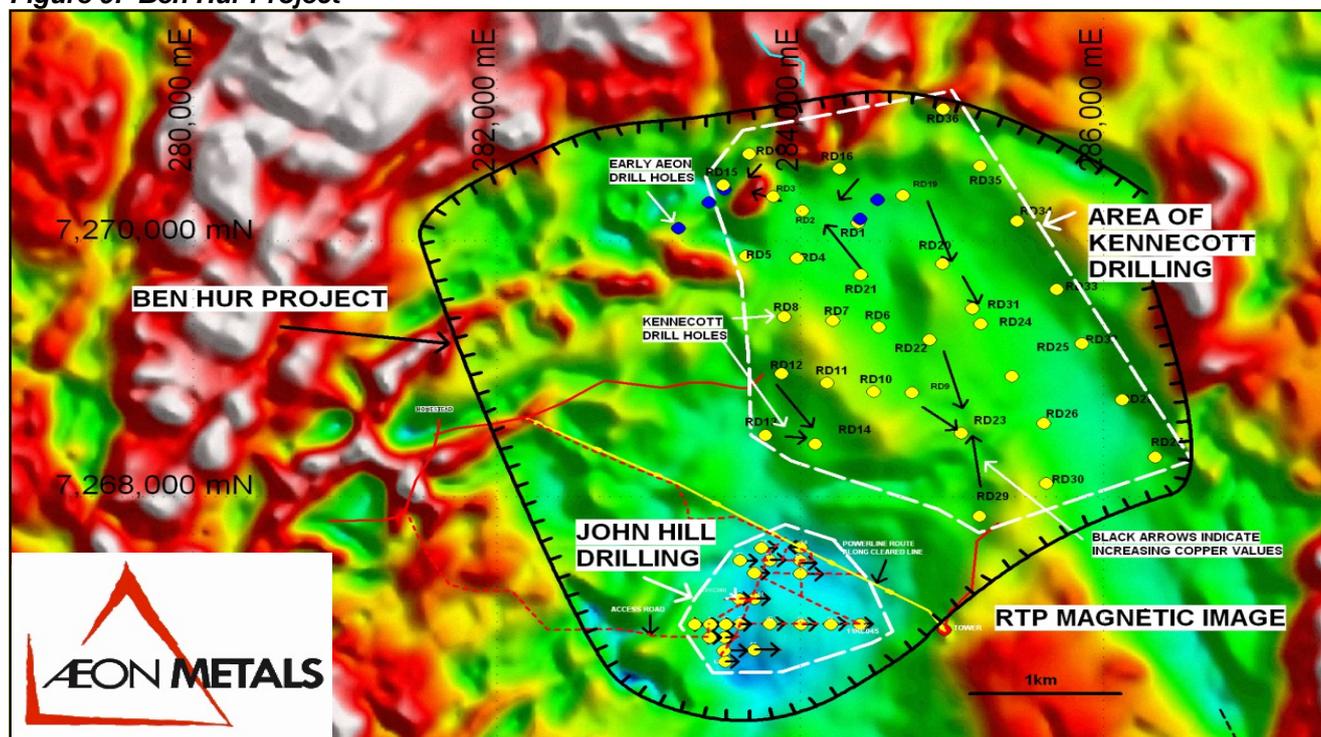
Upside remains with the extent of the John Hill deposit largely set by the drilling coverage, instead of defined geological or grade limits. With further drilling, there is potential to add to the current interpretation of mineralised volume, both laterally and at depth.

Figure 9 shows that the known mineralisation at Ben Hur is 6.3km long and 2km wide.

The John Hill deposit is a small component of the overall Ben Hur Project and lies 1km south of the area drilled by Kennecott (1970's). Kennecott drilled 59 holes all of which were shallow, targeting the copper oxide mineralisation.

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

Figure 9: Ben Hur Project



Many individual prospects have emerged during the several years exploration on the Company’s Southeast tenements. All data has been collated and reviewed on these prospects which has aided in ongoing exploration as well as strategic management decisions.

Competent Persons Statements

The data in this report that relates to Mineral Resource Estimates for the Walford Creek Deposit is based on information evaluated by Mr Simon Tear who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (MAusIMM) and who has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the “JORC Code”). Mr Tear is a Director of H&S Consultants Pty Ltd and he consents to the inclusion in the report of the Mineral Resources in the form and context in which they appear.

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Targets and Exploration Results for the Walford Creek Deposit and other northeast Queensland tenements is based on information compiled Mr Dan Johnson who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and who has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the “JORC Code”). Mr Dan Johnson is a full-time employee of Aeon Metals Limited and consents to the inclusion in the report of the Exploration Targets and Exploration Results in the form and context in which they appear.

The information in this report that relates to exploration targets and mineral resources for the southeast Queensland tenements is based on information compiled by Mr Martin l’Ons who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and who has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Martin l’Ons is a self-employed consultant who consults to Aeon Metals Limited and has consented to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

4. Operating and financial review (Cont.)

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources for Ben Hur is based on information compiled by Mr Robin Simpson, a Competent Person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Simpson is employed by SRK Consulting. Mr Simpson has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (JORC, 2012). Mr Simpson consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Corporate

During the 12 month period, Aeon placed 25,135,869 ordinary fully paid shares at \$0.12 per share to institutional and sophisticated investors in Australia to raise \$3,016,304. This placement was the final issue of shares in relation to the \$8 million placement approved on 8 May 2014.

Financial Position

The net assets of the Group at 30 June 2015 were \$28,648,000 (2014: \$35,532,000), with cash on hand of \$1,812,000 (2014: \$5,241,000).

During the period the Group issued 25,135,869 ordinary shares raising proceeds of \$3,016,000 before share issue costs of \$260,000. \$889,000 was received prior to 30 June 2014 for shares issued during the year ended 30 June 2015.

The Directors have prepared cashflow projections for the Group for the coming 12 months which includes significant exploration and evaluation expenditure.

Aeon's opening share price on 1 July 2014 was \$0.14 per share. During the year ended 30 June 2015 the share price varied between \$0.06 and \$0.24 per share. The closing share price at 30 June 2015 was \$0.08 per share.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

Other than the matters noted above there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial period.

5. Events subsequent to reporting date

On 1 July 2015, the Company announced a pro rata, non-renounceable entitlement issue of 43,479,028 shares (subject to adjustments for rounding) at an issue price of 7.5 cents per share on the basis of 1 new share for each 7 shares held by shareholders. The Company also announced on 1 July 2015 that it would be refinancing the existing debt facility agreement on successful completion of the rights issue. The new facility will be due for repayment in December 2017.

The issue was fully underwritten by Pitt Capital Partners Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Washington H Soul Pattinson Ltd and sub underwritten by OCP Asia (Hong Kong) Limited. The issue closed on 27 July 2015 and raised \$3,261,000 before issue costs.

On 23 July 2015 the Company issued the first tranche of limited recourse loan notes under the new facility and the proceeds were used to repay the existing debt facility and the accrued interest. The second tranche of limited recourse loan notes totalling approximately \$4,750,000 are subject to shareholder approval which has not yet been obtained.

On 6 August 2015 the Company issued 52,174,894 warrants exercisable at 9.35c and expiring 17 December 2017. The warrants issue represents the first tranche of warrants to be issued in conjunction with the new financing

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

5. Events subsequent to reporting date (Cont.)

facility. The second tranche of 20,825,106 warrants are subject to shareholder approval which has not yet been obtained. The Directors are yet to determine the financial impact of the debt restructure on the Group.

6. Likely developments

With the acquisition of the Walford Creek project and associated tenements in June 2014, the Group now controls large tenement packages in both Northwest and Southeast Queensland containing a mix of advanced exploration as well as early stage but geologically well located exploration permits. The Company's priority is to advance the Walford Creek Project towards the development of a world class base metals mine as well as continue to explore on priority exploration tenements.

Aeon's near term strategy at Walford Creek includes establishing mining and metallurgical parameters combined with infrastructure requirements. An extensive drill program in the 2016 dry season is planned. This program is designed to convert a good component of the Inferred Resource into Measured and Indicated Resources.

The Board continues to review the exploration strategy for all the Group's prospects.

7. Environmental regulation

The Group's operations are subject to significant environmental regulation under the law of the Commonwealth and State. Details of the Group's performance in relation to environmental regulation are as follows:-

The exploration undertaken both at the Northwestern and Southeastern Operations to date has not created any significant environmental issues. However, environmental issues will arise as and when the Group moves into production and these issues will be thoroughly assessed at the time any mining authority is sought. Usual measures are undertaken pre and post drilling to ensure that the environmental impact is minimised. This includes re-contouring and re-seeding affected areas and capping drill collars. The work undertaken to date has produced minimal impact on the environment. No issues regarding compliance were encountered during the reporting period.

8. Information on directors

Thomas Joseph Mann age 69	—	Non Executive Chairman
Experience	—	Mr. Mann has over 30 years' experience in financial markets and global trade having established a global trading corporation with offices in North America and the Asia-Pacific. Mr. Mann has been actively involved in capital raising and strategic development initiatives for public and private companies.
Interest in Shares and Options	—	5,050,430 shares held by TJ & CJ Mann Super Pension Fund
Special Responsibilities	—	Member of the Audit Committee
Directorships held in other listed entities in the last 3 years	—	Resource & Investment NL (Resigned 14 May 2015)

Mr. Mann is considered to be an independent Director

Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015

8. Information on directors (Cont.)

John Leslie Goody age 63 — Executive Director

Experience — Mr. Goody has over 45 years experience in the mining industry and has been responsible for the development of various prospects throughout Australia, Papua New Guinea, Vanuatu, Philippines, China and Chile. Mr. Goody is a member of the Geological Society of Australia

Interest in Shares and Options — 30,451,112 shares held by Goody Investments Pty. Ltd.
 1,000,000 shares held by Goody Family A/C
 1,000,000 shares held by John Leslie Goody
 50,000 shares held by Goody Super Fund

Directorships held in other listed entities in the last 3 years — None

Mr. Goody is considered to be a non independent Director

Edgar George Newman age 63 — Non Executive Director

Qualifications — Dip AppSc (Chem)

Experience — Mr. Newman has over 33 years experience in the mining and exploration industry. He has held positions as chemist and manager of an analytical services laboratory as well as being involved in feasibility studies, design, construction and commissioning of several mining and processing operations in Australia and Papua New Guinea.

Interest in Shares and Options — None

Special Responsibilities — Chairman of the Audit Committee

Directorships held in other listed entities in the last 3 years — None

Mr. Newman is considered to be an independent Director

Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015

8. Information on directors (Cont.)

Hamish Collins age 45	—	Managing Director (appointed 28 March 2012)
Qualifications	—	B.Eng (Mining) Hons
	—	Graduate diploma in Applied Finance and Investments from the Securities Institute of Australia
Experience	—	Mr. Collins has a combined 23 years of mining industry and mine finance experience. His recent positions as Managing Director of MM Mining Limited and Chief Executive Officer of Aston Resources Limited were preceded by senior level positions in corporate finance at BNP Paribas, NM Rothschild & Sons (Australia) Ltd, Commonwealth Bank of Australia and SG, Hambros (Australia) Ltd.
Interest in Shares and Options	—	128,235 shares held by the Collins Family Superannuation Fund
	—	4,000,000 shares held by Louise Collins
Directorships held in other listed entities in the last 3 years	—	Timpetra Resources Limited (resigned 31 March 2014)

Mr. Collins is considered to be a non independent Director

Paul Harris age 47	—	Non Executive Director (appointed 17 December 2014)
Qualifications	—	M.Eng (Mining), University of New South Wales
	—	B.Comm (Finance), University of New South Wales
	—	Graduate diploma in Applied Finance and Investments from the Securities Institute of Australia
	—	Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (GAICD)
Experience	—	Mr. Harris has over 25 years' experience in the financial markets and investment banking, more recently advising mining corporates on strategy, mergers and acquisitions and capital markets. His most recent position was Managing Director, Head of Metals and Mining at Citi, having previously worked for many years at Merrill Lynch and Bankers Trust.
Interest in Shares and Options	—	None
Directorships held in other listed entities in the last 3 years	—	None

Mr. Harris is considered to be an independent Director

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

9. Remuneration report – audited

9.1 Principles of compensation

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director of the Company and Group and for key management personnel of the Group.

The Board establishes appropriate remuneration for Directors and remuneration levels and incentive structures for key management personnel. Key management personnel are those who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. This category comprises the Executive Director of the Company, Mr. John Goody who is engaged under a consultancy arrangement and the Managing Director, Mr. Hamish Collins who is an employee of the Company.

Compensation levels have been, and will be, set to be in line with Australian mineral exploration entities of equivalent size and comparable operations in order to attract and retain suitably qualified and experienced key management personnel but also having regard to the prevailing financial capacity of the Company.

Executive Director, Mr. John Goody is retained on a contract which commenced on the date the entity was admitted to the Official List of the ASX (14 June 2007) and which terminates when he ceases to be a Director of the Company. The consultancy contract requires Mr. Goody to provide services for an aggregate of 10 days per month. Mr. Goody's remuneration is, from 7 June 2012, \$131,250 per annum exclusive of GST plus an allowance for travel costs.

The Managing Director, Mr. Hamish Collins is a full time employee of the Company. Mr. Collins' salary for the year ended 30 June 2015 was \$375,000 per annum (Base Salary of \$325,000 plus Bonus of \$50,000) plus a superannuation contribution by the Company.

Mr. Collins' service agreement may be terminated at any time by the Company giving to the employee not less than six months' prior written notice. In the event of termination, the Company must pay Mr. Collins an amount equal to the remuneration payable for so much of the notice period as the employee is not so retained.

The agreement may be terminated at any time by Mr. Collins giving to the Company not less than three months prior written notice.

The Company may terminate Mr. Collins' service agreement immediately in certain events including serious misconduct and material breach of contract.

All non-executive Directors receive directors' fees coupled with superannuation payments and, when providing additional services to the Group, they are paid at normal commercial rates for their work. Neither non-executive Directors nor key management personnel are entitled to any retirement benefits.

All remuneration paid to Directors and key management personnel is valued at cost to the Group and is expensed or capitalised as appropriate.

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

9. Remuneration report – audited (Cont.)

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board has regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years.

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Net loss attributable to owners of the company	(\$9,140)	(\$ 3,930)	\$ (72)	\$ (1,995)	\$ (5,231)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-
Change in share price	\$ (0.060)	\$ (0.070)	\$ 0.140	\$ (0.212)	\$ 0.010

9.2 Directors' and executive officers' remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of each director of the Company, each of the two named Company executives and other key management personnel of the Group are:

<i>in AUD</i>		Short-term		Post-employment	Share-based payments	Total \$
		Salary & fees \$	Consultancy fees \$	Super-annuation benefits \$	Options and rights \$	
Directors						
Non-executive directors						
<i>Thomas Mann</i>	2015	120,000	60,000	11,400	-	191,400
	2014	120,000	85,000	11,100	-	216,100
<i>Edgar Newman</i>	2015	140,250	-	13,323	-	153,573
	2014	20,833	-	8,755	-	29,588
<i>Paul Harris (appointed 17/12/14)</i>	2015	27,016	-	2,567	-	29,583
Executive Directors						
<i>John Goody</i>	2015	-	134,000	-	-	134,000
	2014	-	137,740	-	-	137,740
<i>Hamish Collins</i>	2015	375,000	-	30,000	-	405,000
	2014	275,000	-	25,437	406,000	706,437

Short-term remuneration includes salaries and fees and consultancy fees paid to non-executive Director's and associated related parties for services provided by the Director. The remuneration disclosed above represents the cost to the Group for the services provided by Directors.

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

9. Remuneration report – audited (Cont.)

Details of incentive based remuneration

On 8 May 2014, shareholders approved the issuance of 4 million fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.12 per share to Hamish Collins, to be funded by a limited recourse loan. The recourse of the loan is limited to the shares issued. The loan is interest free and repayable within 3 years. In accordance with AASB 2 the loan is required to be valued and accounted for as an option. The fair value of \$406,000 was calculated using the Black Scholes model with inputs of 15 cents share price, 12 cents strike price, three year period to expiry, 2.89% risk free interest rate and 101.3% volatility. There are no performance or service conditions attached to the loan. At balance date the loan was not repaid.

On 3 July 2014 the 4 million 5 year performance rights issued to Hamish Collins on 24 August 2012 were surrendered as a condition of the issue of the incentive shares described above. The performance rights had a fair value of \$130,000 which was recognised as a share based payment expense during the year ended 30 June 2013.

9.3 Equity instruments

All options and performance rights refer to options and rights over ordinary shares of Aeon Metals Limited and all are exercisable on a one-for-one basis.

9.3.1 Modification of terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions

No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions (including options and rights granted as compensation to a key management person) have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during the reporting period or the prior period.

9.3.2 Analysis of movements in options

On 8 May 2014 shareholders approved the issue of 4 million shares funded through a limited recourse loan with a term of 3 years to Hamish Collins or his nominee. These shares were issued to Mr Collins' nominee on 3 July 2014 and accounted for as an option.

9.4 Non-executive directors

At the 2014 Annual General Meeting, shareholders approved an aggregate amount of \$375,000 to be available for payment of non-executive Directors' fees.

9.5 Key Management Personnel Transactions

A number of key management persons, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or joint control over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

A number of these entities transacted with the Group during the year. The terms and conditions of the transactions with management persons and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or joint control were as follows:

Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015

9. Remuneration report – audited (Cont.)

<i>in AUD</i>	Note	Transaction values year ended 30 June		Balance outstanding as at 30 June	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Key management person					
Thomas Mann	Reimbursements (i)	-	891	-	-
John Goody	Reimbursements (i)	2,246	3,008	193	1,011
Edgar Newman	Reimbursements (i)	7,774	790	160	-
Hamish Collins	Reimbursements (i)	1,095	2,482	95	542
Paul Harris	Reimbursements (i)	-	-	-	-
Total and current liabilities				448	1,553

(i) The Group reimbursed John Goody, Edgar Newman and Hamish Collins for business related expenditure. The amounts were paid as per third party receipts.

9.5.1 Options and rights over equity instruments

The movement during the reporting period in the number of performance rights in Aeon Metals Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

	Held at 1 July 2014	Granted as compensation	Other changes	Held at 30 June 2015	Vested during the year
Directors					
Hamish Collins	4,000,000	-	(4,000,000)	-	-

The 4 million performance rights were surrendered on 3 July 2014 in conjunction with 4 million ordinary shares issued to Hamish Collins.

The movement during the reporting period in the number of options over ordinary shares in Aeon Metals Limited (constituted by the incentive shares approved by shareholders for issue to Mr Collins' nominee on 8 May 2014 and actually issued on 3 July 2014) held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

	Held at 1 July 2014	Granted as compensation	Other changes	Held at 30 June 2015	Vested during the year
Directors					
Hamish Collins	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	-

9.5.2 Movements in shares

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in Aeon Metals Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

	Held at 1 July 2014	Purchases	Received on exercise of options	Sales	Held at 30 June 2015
Directors					
Thomas Mann	5,050,430	-	-	-	5,050,430
John Goody	32,501,112	-	-	-	32,501,112
Hamish Collins	78,235	50,000	-	-	128,235

Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015

9. Remuneration report – audited (Cont.)

	Held at 1 July 2013	Purchases	Received on exercise of options	Sales	Held at 30 June 2014
Directors					
Thomas Mann	5,050,430	-	-	-	5,050,430
John Goody	32,501,112	-	-	-	32,501,112
Hamish Collins	-	78,235	-	-	78,235

10. Directors' meetings

During the financial period, eight (8) Meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendances by each Director during the period were as follows:

Director	Number attended	Number eligible to attend
Thomas Mann	8	8
John Goody	8	8
Edgar Newman	8	8
Hamish Collins	8	8
Paul Harris	6	6

In addition to the Directors' meetings, two (2) Audit Committee meetings were held during the year. They were attended by Edgar Newman, Tom Mann and Hamish Collins.

11. Share options

Unissued shares under options and performance rights

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Group under options and performance rights are:

Expiry date	Exercise price	Number of shares
<i>Options</i>		
08/02/2016	\$0.13	1,000,000
17/06/2017	\$0.16	63,251,107

All unissued shares are ordinary shares in the Company. All shares issued under limited recourse loans are excluded from the above table.

These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

Shares issued on exercise of options

During the financial year, the Company issued 300,000 ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of 300,000 unlisted options exercised at 15 cents per option.

12. Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

The Company has agreed to indemnify the current directors of the Company against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors of the Company, except where the liability arises out of the conduct involving a lack of good faith. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including costs and expenses.

Aeon Metals Limited

Directors Report

For the year ended 30 June 2015

12. Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors (Cont.)

The Company has paid premiums to insure the Directors against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of director of the Company, other than conduct involving wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company. The directors have not included details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of the directors' liability and legal expenses insurance contracts, as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract. The Group has not paid or agreed to pay, a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability incurred by an auditor.

13. Non-audit services

During the year KPMG, the Group's auditor, has performed certain other services in addition to their statutory duties.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Group and have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Group, acting as an advocate for the Group or jointly sharing risks and rewards.
- Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Group, KPMG, and its network firms, for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below:

	2015 AUD
Services other than audit and review of financial statements	
Other services	
Research and development tax incentive assistance	15,000
	<u>15,000</u>
Audit and review of financial statements	105,700
Total paid to KPMG	<u>120,700</u>

14. Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the period.

15. Lead auditor's independence declaration

The Lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 66 and forms part of the directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

Aeon Metals Limited
Directors Report
For the year ended 30 June 2015

16. Rounding off

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the consolidated financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

This report is made with a resolution of the directors:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'H. Collins', is positioned above the printed name and title of the signatory.

Hamish Collins
Managing Director

Dated at Sydney on 30 September 2015

Aeon Metals Limited
Consolidated statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2015

in thousands of AUD

	Note	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	16	1,812	5,241
Trade and other receivables	15	91	590
Other investments	13	49	50
Prepayments		48	49
Total current assets		2,000	5,930
Property, plant and equipment	11	157	171
Other Assets		44	44
Exploration and evaluation assets	12	43,295	43,323
Total non-current assets		43,496	43,538
Total assets		45,496	49,468
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	23	462	1,463
Provisions	22	50	50
Employee benefits	20	109	181
Total current liabilities		621	1,694
Loans and borrowings	24	16,227	12,242
Total non-current liabilities		16,227	12,242
Total liabilities		16,848	13,936
Net assets		28,648	35,532
Equity			
Share capital	18	45,332	43,411
Reserves	18	5,523	5,734
Accumulated Losses		(22,217)	(13,637)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		28,638	35,508
Non-controlling interests		10	24
Total equity		28,648	35,532

The Notes on pages 32 to 62 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Aeon Metals Limited

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2015

in thousands of AUD

	Note	2015	2014
Continuing operations			
Other income	7	-	33
Impairment loss	12	(7,270)	(3,881)
Administrative expenses		(937)	(647)
Other expenses	8	(1,046)	(1,045)
Results from operating activities		(9,253)	(5,540)
Finance income		102	54
Finance costs		(3)	(3)
Net finance income	10	99	51
Loss before tax		(9,154)	(5,489)
Income Tax expense	14	-	-
Loss for period		(9,154)	(5,489)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(9,154)	(5,489)
Loss attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(9,140)	(3,930)
Non-controlling interest		(14)	(1,559)
Loss for the period		(9,154)	(5,489)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(9,140)	(3,930)
Non-controlling interest		(14)	(1,559)
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(9,154)	(5,489)
Earnings per share			
Basic loss per share (AUD)	19	(3.09) (cents)	(2.09) (cents)
Diluted loss per share (AUD)	19	(3.09) (cents)	(2.09) (cents)

The Notes on pages 32 to 62 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Aeon Metals Limited
Consolidated statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2015

<i>in thousands of AUD</i>	Note	Attributable to owners of the Company				Total equity
		Share capital	Equity compensation Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Non-controlling interests	
Balance at 1 July 2013		30,525	737	(9,788)	1,583	23,057
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit or loss		-	-	(3,930)	(1,559)	(5,489)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-	(3,930)	(1,559)	(5,489)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
<i>Contributions by and distributions to owners</i>						
Issue of ordinary shares	18	12,309	-	-	-	12,309
Funds Received in Advance	18	889	-	-	-	889
Capital Raising Costs	18	(312)	-	-	-	(312)
Issue of warrants	21	-	4,671	-	-	4,671
Issue of share options	21	-	407	-	-	407
Share options expired	21	-	(81)	81	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company		12,886	4,997	81	-	17,964
Balance at 30 June 2014		43,411	5,734	(13,637)	24	35,532
Balance at 1 July 2014		43,411	5,734	(13,637)	24	35,532
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit or loss		-	-	(9,140)	(14)	(9,154)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-	(9,140)	(14)	(9,154)
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
<i>Contributions by and distributions to owners</i>						
Issue of ordinary shares	18	2,128	-	-	-	2,128
Capital raising costs	18	(260)	-	-	-	(260)
Rights surrendered	21	-	(130)	130	-	-
Issue of share options	21	-	357	-	-	357
Exercise of share options	18	53	(8)	-	-	45
Share options expired	21	-	(430)	430	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company		1,921	(211)	560	-	2,270
Balance at 30 June 2015		45,332	5,523	(22,217)	10	28,648

The Notes on pages 32 to 62 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Aeon Metals Limited
Consolidated statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2015

in thousands of AUD

	Note	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts for service fees		-	4
Government grant received		443	-
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(1,622)	(1,106)
Cash generated from operations		(1,179)	(1,102)
Interest received/(used in)		102	54
Interest expense		-	-
Net cash used in operating activities	17	(1,077)	(1,048)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(28)	(3)
Payments for exploration activities		(4,235)	(1,686)
Acquisition of other investments		(1)	(1)
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired		-	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(4,264)	(1,690)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		2,094	7,162
Payment of capital raising costs		(182)	(312)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		1,912	6,850
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,429)	4,112
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		5,241	1,129
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	16	1,812	5,241

The Notes on pages 32 to 62 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

1. Reporting entity

Aeon Metals Limited (the “Company”) is a company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company’s registered office is Level 7, 88 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW 2000. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “Group” and individually as “Group entities”). The Group is a for-profit entity and primarily is involved in prospect and tenement exploration for a range of minerals including copper and molybdenum.

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2015.

(b) Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuation of normal business operations and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

During the year ended 30 June 2015, the Group incurred a net loss before tax of \$9,154 thousand, including impairment on exploration and evaluation assets of \$7,270 thousand and recorded net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of \$5,341 thousand. As at 30 June 2015, the Group had net assets of \$28,648 thousand, including cash of \$1,812 thousand.

Subsequent to year end the Group completed a capital raising of \$3,261 thousand excluding associated issue costs.

The Directors have prepared cash flow projections for the coming 12 months that support the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. These cashflow projections include significant exploration and evaluation expenditure and assume the Group maintains expenditure in line with the level of funding available.

(c) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed further in note 5.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

(d) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, all financial information presented in Australian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise stated.

(e) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with AASBs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Note 12 – exploration and evaluation asset impairment
- Note 14 – unrecognised and deferred tax assets
- Note 21 – measurement of share-based payments
- Note 25 – valuation of financial instruments

(f) Changes in accounting policies

The Group has consistently applied the accounting policies set out in Note 3 to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Business combinations

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, then it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Non-controlling interests

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

(iii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

(iv) Loss of control

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related NCI and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

(v) Investments in equity-accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity-accounted investees comprise interests in associates and a joint venture.

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Interests in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. They are recognised initially at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and OCI of equity-accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

(vi) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Financial instruments

The Group classifies non-derivative financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity financial assets, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category.

(i) Non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities – recognition and derecognition

The Group initially recognises loans and receivables and debt securities issued on the date when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised on the trade date.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in such derecognised financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(ii) Non-derivative financial assets – measurement

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

These assets are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and receivables

These assets are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Non-derivative financial assets – measurement (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

In the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses, are recognised in OCI and accumulated in the fair value reserve. When these assets are derecognised, the gain or loss in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

(iii) Non-derivative financial liabilities – measurement

Non-derivative financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iv) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares, net of any tax effects, are recognised as a deduction from equity.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognised in profit or loss. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(iii) Depreciation (continued)

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| • Computer equipment | 20% - 67% |
| • Mining and exploration equipment | 5% - 67% |
| • Plant and equipment | 5% - 50% |
| • Motor vehicles | 10% - 25% |

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(d) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis. Costs incurred before the entity has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognised in profit or loss.

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights of the area of interest are current and either:

- (i) the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- (ii) activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operation in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purpose of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash-generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and revaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

(e) Impairment

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

Financial assets not classified as at fair value through profit or loss, including an interest in an equity-accounted investee, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes:

- default or delinquency by a debtor;
- restructuring of an amount due to the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy;

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Impairment (continued)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (continued)

- adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security; or
- observable data indicating that there is measurable decrease in expected cash flows from a group of financial assets.

For an investment in an equity security, objective evidence of impairment includes a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost. The Group considers a decline of 20% to be significant and a period of nine months to be prolonged.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

The Group considers evidence of impairment for these assets measured at both an individual asset and a collective level. All assets are individually assessed for specific impairment.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Group considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognised by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve to profit or loss. The amount reclassified is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and the current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss. If the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale debt security subsequently increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, then the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss; otherwise, it is reversed through OCI.

Equity-accounted investees

An impairment loss in respect of an equity-accounted investee is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss, and is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Impairment (continued)

(ii) Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than biological assets, investment property, inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(f) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) Share-based payment transactions

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment awards granted to employees is generally recognised as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(g) Provisions

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

(i) Site restoration

In accordance with the Group's published environmental policy and applicable legal requirements, a provision for site restoration in respect of contaminated land, and the related expense, is recognised when the land is contaminated.

(h) Revenue

(i) Services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to surveys of work performed.

(ii) Government grants

Government grants that relate to capitalised Exploration and Evaluation expenditure is deducted from the carrying amount of the asset when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. When the assets are reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets the grant is recognised in profit or loss over the life of the asset as a reduced amortisation expense.

Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised in profit or loss as other income on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are recognised.

The Group recognises the grant income as an operating cash flow in the cash flow statement in the same period it is received.

(i) Leases

(i) Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(j) Finance income and finance costs

Finance income and finance costs comprise interest income on funds invested (including available-for-sale financial assets), gains/losses on the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, gains or losses on the remeasurement to fair value of any pre-existing interest in an acquiree in a business combination. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

(k) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

(i) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improve

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For this purpose, the carrying amount of investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered through sale, and the Group has not rebutted this presumption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

(l) Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(l) Goods and services tax (continued)

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability on the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(m) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

(n) Segment reporting

Determination and presentation of operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's Managing Director to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Managing Director include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarters), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

4. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2014, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. Those which may be relevant to the Group are set out below. The Group does not plan to adopt these standards early.

(a) AASB 9 Financial instruments (AASB 9)

AASB 9 (2009) will replace the existing guidance on AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Measurement and Recognition (AASB 139). It includes guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from AASB 139. AASB 9 is effective for the Group's annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2018, with early adoption permitted.

The Group is assessing the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements resulting from the application of AASB 9.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

5. Determination of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

(a) Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination or an acquisition of assets is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of acquisition between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably. The fair value of items of plant, equipment, fixtures and fittings is based on the market approach and cost approaches using quoted market prices for similar items when available and depreciated replacement cost when appropriate. Depreciated replacement cost reflects adjustments for physical deterioration as well as functional and economic obsolescence.

(b) Investments in equity and debt securities

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and held-to-maturity investments is determined by reference to their quoted closing bid price at the reporting date. The fair value of held-to-maturity investments is determined for disclosure purposes only.

(c) Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of the performance rights is measured using the Monte Carlo Simulation method and the fair value of the employee share options, share appreciation rights and warrants is measured using the Black-Scholes formula. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility of the Company's share prices, adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

(d) Financial liabilities

The fair value of limited recourse notes is determined based on discounted cash flows and an appropriate effective interest rate.

6. Operating segments

The Group's only operation is exploration of minerals in Queensland, Australia. The Group's Board reviews the internal financial statements on a monthly basis which are prepared on the same basis as these financial statements.

The Group's operations are all based in one geographic segment, being Queensland, Australia and the Group's operations are in the exploration phase so it has no products or services nor any major customers.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

7. Other income

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Government grants	-	33
	<u>-</u>	<u>33</u>

8. Other expenses

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Employee benefits expense	(587)	(566)
Superannuation expense	(102)	(73)
Share - based payments (refer note 21)	(357)	(406)
	<u>(1,046)</u>	<u>(1,045)</u>

9. Expenses by nature

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Employee benefit expense	689	639
Depreciation expense	42	38
Consultancy expense	314	132
Advertising expense	64	24
Impairment losses	7,270	3,881
Share- based payments	357	406
Finance costs	3	3
Other expenses	517	453

10. Finance income and finance costs

Recognised in profit or loss

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Interest income from bank deposits	102	54
Net change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
Finance income	<u>102</u>	<u>54</u>
Net change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
Finance costs	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
Net finance costs recognised in profit or loss	<u>99</u>	<u>51</u>

The above finance income and finance costs include the following interest income and expense in respect of assets (liabilities) not at fair value through profit or loss:

Total interest income on financial assets	102	54
Total interest expense on financial liabilities	-	-
	<u>102</u>	<u>54</u>

Aeon Metals Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2015

11. Property, plant and equipment

in thousands of AUD

	Computer equipment	Mining and Exploration equipment	Plant and equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
Cost					
Balance at 1 July 2013	50	281	7	141	479
Additions	2	1	41	-	44
Balance at 30 June 2014	52	282	48	141	523
Balance at 1 July 2014	52	282	48	141	523
Additions	7	19	2	-	28
Balance at 30 June 2015	59	301	50	141	551
Depreciation					
Balance at 1 July 2013	(47)	(177)	(4)	(86)	(314)
Depreciation for the year	(2)	(21)	-	(15)	(38)
Balance at 30 June 2014	(49)	(198)	(4)	(101)	(352)
Balance at 1 July 2014	(49)	(198)	(4)	(101)	(352)
Depreciation for the year	(5)	(18)	(6)	(13)	(42)
Balance at 30 June 2015	(54)	(216)	(10)	(114)	(394)
Carrying amounts					
at 1 July 2013	3	104	3	55	165
at 30 June 2014	3	84	44	40	171
at 1 July 2014	3	84	44	40	171
at 30 June 2015	5	85	40	27	157

12. Exploration and evaluation assets

in thousands of AUD

	Capitalised Exploration Expenditure
Balance at 1 July 2013	21,871
Additions	25,743
Government grant received in relation to exploration and evaluation	(410)
Impairment losses	(3,881)
Balance at 30 June 2014	43,323
Balance at 1 July 2014	43,323
Additions	7,242
Impairment losses	(7,270)
Balance at 30 June 2015	43,295

The Group has capitalised exploration expenditure incurred up to 30 June 2015 of \$7,242 thousand (2014: 25,743). Included in this amount are capitalised borrowing costs related to the acquisition of Aeon Walford Creek Limited of \$3,985 thousand, as the borrowings were specifically for the purpose of obtaining the exploration and evaluation asset, the capitalisation rate applied was 100%.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

12. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

An independent valuation of the exploration projects was completed in July 2015. Following a review of the valuations the Directors have impaired the book value of certain projects to their recoverable amount, being the fair value less costs of disposal. As a result the Group has recognised an impairment loss for the year ended 30 June 2015 of \$7,270 thousand (2014: impairment loss of \$3,881 thousand) with respect to exploration and evaluation assets.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of exploration assets is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective areas of interest. \$4,235 thousand (2014: \$1,686 thousand) of the capitalised costs have been included in cash flows from investing activities in the cash flow statement.

13. Other investments

in thousands of AUD

	Note	2015	2014
Current investments			
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss - listed shares (i)		5	8
Term deposit		44	42
		49	50

(i) 1,556,500 shares held in Zamia Metals Ltd (ZGM)

The term deposit had a varying interest rate of between 3.45% and 3.85% (2014: 3.85%) and matures in 1 month.

The Group's exposure to credit, currency and interest rate risks related to other investments is disclosed in note 25.

Sensitivity analysis – equity price risk

All of the Group's equity investments are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. For such investments classified at fair value through profit and loss, a 5 percent increase/decrease in the price of the stock held at the reporting date (or prior period) would have increased or decreased profit or loss by an immaterial amount.

14. Income tax

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Income tax recognised in profit or loss		
Current tax expense		
Current year	-	-
Deferred tax expense	-	-
Total income tax expense	-	-

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Loss for the period	(9,154)	(5,489)
Total tax expense	-	-
Loss excluding tax	(9,154)	(5,489)
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate of 30 percent (2013:30 percent)	(2,746)	(1,647)
Non-assessable income	22	(10)
Losses not brought to account	2,742	1,657
	-	-

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

14. Income tax (continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Deductible temporary differences	-	-
Tax losses	8,032	5,307
	<u>8,032</u>	<u>5,307</u>

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits there from.

15. Trade and other receivables

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Other trade receivables	-	443
GST receivable	91	147
	<u>91</u>	<u>590</u>

The Group's exposure to credit and currency risks, and impairment losses related to trade and other receivables, is disclosed in Note 25.

16. Cash and cash equivalents

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Bank balances	1,812	5,241
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	<u>1,812</u>	<u>5,241</u>

17. Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

in thousands of AUD

	Note	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit (loss) for the period		(9,154)	(5,489)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	11	42	38
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	12	7,270	3,881
Change in fair value of investment through profit and loss	10	3	3
Equity-settled share-based payment transactions	21	357	406
		<u>(1,482)</u>	<u>(1,161)</u>
Change in trade and other receivables	15	499	(539)
Change in prepayments		1	(8)
Change in trade and other payables	23	(23)	557
Change in provisions and employee benefits	20, 22	(72)	103
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		<u>(1,077)</u>	<u>(1,048)</u>

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

18. Capital and reserves

Share capital

<i>In thousands of shares</i>	Ordinary shares	
	2015	2014
In issue at 1 July	271,917	174,050
Issued for cash	24,780	49,591
Issued for services	656	-
Issued in acquisition of Aeon Walford Creek Ltd	-	48,276
In issue at 30 June	297,353	271,917

Ordinary shares

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

Issuance of ordinary shares

2015

During the year ended 30 June 2015 two (2) share placements in connection with the acquisition of Aeon Walford Creek Pty Ltd (formerly Aston Metals (QLD) Ltd) and associated funding as approved by shareholders on 8 May 2014 were completed. 15,669 thousand ordinary shares were issued on 15 July 2014 and 8,811 thousand ordinary shares were issued on 4 August 2014. These shares had an issue price of \$0.12 per share. The total raised from the placements was \$2,938 thousand of which \$889 thousand was received as a prepayment during the year ended 30 June 2014.

As consideration of capital raising costs associated with the placements approved on 8 May 2014, 656 thousand ordinary shares were issued at an issue price of \$0.12 per share (refer note 21).

3,000 thousand ordinary shares were issued on 4 August 2014 at an exercise price of \$0.195 per share, as an incentive payment for two employees of the Company. The fair value of these shares was \$357 thousand as at 4 August 2014 (refer note 21), which was funded by a limited recourse loan from the Company. Shares issued under limited recourse loan agreements are excluded from the number on shares or issue outlined above.

On 29 August 2014, existing options that were on issue with a fair value of \$8 thousand were exercised resulting in the issue of 300 thousand ordinary shares. The issue price of these shares was \$0.15 per share.

Capital raising costs included in the share capital attributable to the issue of shares during the year was \$260 thousand.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

18. Capital and reserves (continued)

2014

8,062 thousand ordinary shares were issued on 14 August 2013 at an issue price of \$0.16 per share as a result of the share placement announced 2 August 2013.

48,276 thousand ordinary shares were issued on 8 May 2014 in consideration for the acquisition of Aeon Walford Creek Ltd. The fair value of these shares was \$6,035 thousand as at 8 May 2014 based on the closing share price of 12.5 cents (refer note 21).

On 8 May 2014 the shareholders approved a share placement in connection with the acquisition of Aeon Walford Creek Ltd. the first progressive allotment occurred on 14 May 2014 and 39,796 thousand ordinary shares were issued. On 21 May 2014 the second progressive allotment occurred and 1,490 thousand ordinary shares were issued. A third progressive allotment was completed on 17 June 2014 and 243 thousand ordinary shares were issued. All shares were issued at an issue price of \$0.12 per share.

On 8 May 2014 the shareholders also approved the issue of 4,000 thousand ordinary shares to Managing Director Hamish Collins as an incentive. The issue price of the shares was \$0.12 per share, which was funded by a limited recourse loan between Mr. Collins and the Company. The shares were issued to Mr Collins on 3 July 2014.

Capital raising costs included in the share capital attributable to the issue of shares during the year was \$312 thousand.

Equity compensation reserve

The equity compensation reserve records the fair value of options and performance rights issued (refer to note 21).

19. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at 30 June 2015 was based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$9,140 thousand (2014: \$3,930 thousand loss) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of 295,647 thousand (2014: 188,402 thousand), calculated as follows:

Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders (basic)

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Loss for the period	(9,140)	(3,930)
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders	(9,140)	(3,930)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)

in thousands of shares

	Note	2015	2014
Issued ordinary shares at 1 July	18	271,917	174,050
Effect of shares issued in August 2013		-	7,090
Effect of shares issued in May 2014		-	5,401
Effect of shares issued in June 2014		-	1,861
Effect of shares issued in July 2014		15,025	-
Effect of shares issued in August 2014		8,705	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June		295,647	188,402

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

19. Earnings per share (continued)

Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share at 30 June 2015 was based on loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$9,140 thousand (2014: \$3,930 thousand loss), and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares of 295,647 thousand (2014: 188,402 thousand), calculated as follows:

Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders (diluted)

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders (basic)	(9,140)	(3,930)
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders (diluted)	(9,140)	(3,930)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

in thousands of shares

	2015	2014
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	295,647	188,402
Effect of share options on issue	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at 30 June	295,647	188,402

At 30 June 2015 64,251 thousand options (2014: 77,584 thousand options and 4,000 thousand performance rights) were excluded from the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares calculation as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

20. Employee benefits

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Salaries and wages accrued	33	74
Liability for annual leave	75	107
Liability for superannuation	1	-
Total employee benefits - current	109	181

21. Share-based payment arrangements

Description of the share-based payment arrangements

2015

On 3 July 2014 the 4 million 5 year performance rights issued to Hamish Collins on 24 August 2012 were surrendered. The fair value of the performance rights was \$130 thousand.

On 4 August 2014, 3,000 thousand fully paid ordinary shares were issued to two employees. The acquisition of the ordinary shares was funded by a loan from the Company. The recourse of the loan is limited to the shares issued. The loan is interest free and repayable within 3 years. In accordance with AASB 2 the loan is required to be valued as an option. The fair value of the share options of \$357 thousand was calculated using the Black Scholes Model. The share options vested immediately and at balance date the loan was not repaid.

As consideration of capital raising costs associated with the placements approved on 8 May 2014 656 thousand ordinary shares were issued at an issue price of \$0.12 per share. The fair value of \$79 thousand was calculated with reference to the fair value of the services provided.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

21. Share-based payment arrangements (continued)

Description of the share-based payment arrangements (continued)

On 9 November 2014, 13,033 thousand options which had been issued during the year ended 30 June 2013 with a fair value \$347 thousand expired.

From time to time the Company will issue shares to employees and the acquisition of the ordinary shares is funded by a loan from the Company, with recourse of these loans being limited to the shares issued. The loans are interest free. In accordance with AASB 2 the loans provided to the employees and shares issued are required to be valued as an option. During the year ended 30 June 2015, 650 thousand of these options with a fair value of \$83 thousand expired.

2014

On 8 September 2013, a limited recourse loan to an employee for the purchase of 200 thousand shares was due for repayment. The loan and the shares issued was valued as an option in accordance with AASB 2. As the loan was not repaid on the due date the options with a fair value of \$81 thousand expired.

On 8 May 2014, shareholders approved the issuance of 4,000 thousand fully paid ordinary shares to Hamish Collins, to be funded by a limited recourse loan. The recourse of the loan is limited to the shares issued. The loan is interest free and repayable within 3 years. In accordance with AASB 2 the loan is required to be valued as an option. The fair value of the share options of \$407 thousand was calculated using the Black Scholes Model. There are no performance or service conditions attached to the loan. At balance date the loan was not repaid.

On 17 June 2014, 48,276 thousand shares, 63,251 thousand warrants and limited recourse notes with a face value of \$20 million were issued as consideration for the acquisition of Aston Metals (QLD) Ltd (name changed to Aeon Walford Creek Limited). The shares issued are fully paid ordinary shares. The warrants issued expire 17 June 2017 and vest immediately. The fair value of the shares of \$6,034 thousand was determined by reference to the market price of the shares on the date of issue and the fair value of the warrants of \$4,671 thousand was calculated using the Black Scholes Model. The fair value of the limited recourse notes with a face value of \$20 million was calculated based on a discounted cashflow using an effective interest rate of 33%. The notes are secured over the assets of Aeon Walford Creek Limited.

Disclosure of share option programme

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

<i>in AUD</i>	Number of	Weighted average	Number of	Weighted average
	options/warrants	exercise price	options/warrants	exercise price
	2015	2015	2014	2014
Outstanding at 1 July	77,584,440	0.16	14,333,333	0.15
Expired during the year	(13,033,333)	(0.15)	-	-
Exercised during the year	(300,000)	(0.15)	-	-
Granted during the year	-	-	63,251,107	0.16
Outstanding at 30 June	64,251,107	0.16	77,584,440	0.16

The options outstanding at 30 June 2015 have an exercise price in the range of \$0.125 to \$0.1581 (2014: \$0.125 to \$0.1581) and a weighted average contractual life of seven hundred and ten days (2014: eight hundred and five days).

Shares issued under non recourse loan agreements are excluded from the number of options on issue outlined above.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

21. Share-based payment arrangements (continued)

Disclosure of share option programme (continued)

Inputs for measurement of grant date fair values

The following inputs were used in the measurement of the fair values at grant date of the share-based payment plans:

	Employee Options 2014	Warrants 2014
Number of options	4,000,000	63,251,107
Grant date	8 May 2014	17 June 2014
Fair value at grant date	\$0.102	\$0.085
Share price at grant date	15 cents	12 cents
Exercise price	12 cents	16 cents
Expected volatility (weighted average)	101%	101%
Expected life (weighted average)	3 years	3 years
Risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds)	2.89%	2.79%

Inputs for measurement of grant date fair values (continued)

	Employee Options 2015
Number of options	3,000,000
Grant date	4 August 2014
Fair value at grant date	\$0.119
Share price at grant date	19 cents
Exercise price	19.5 cents
Expected volatility (weighted average)	101%
Expected life (weighted average)	3 years
Risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds)	2.74%

The expected share price volatility has been calculated based on Aeon Metals Limited's historical share price performance.

Aeon Metals Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2015

22. Provisions

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	Site restoration	Total
Balance at 1 July 2014	50	50
Provisions made during the year	-	-
Provisions used during the year	-	-
Provisions reversed during the year	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2015	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>
Non-current	-	-
Current	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>
	50	50

Site restoration

A provision of \$50 thousand was made in respect of the Group's obligations in respect of environmental remediation. The required work is completed throughout the year on an ongoing basis. There has been no change to the provision in the current year. The provision has been capitalised to the Exploration and Evaluation assets at Note 12.

23. Trade and other payables

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	2015	2014
Other payables	343	569
Other trade payables	119	94
Acquisition costs	-	800
	<u>462</u>	<u>1,463</u>

The Group's exposure to liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 25.

24. Loans and borrowings

See accounting policies in Notes 3.

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	2015	2014
Non-current liabilities		
Limited recourse notes	16,227	12,242
	<u>16,227</u>	<u>12,242</u>

Information about the Group's exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risk is included in Note 25.

Aeon Metals Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2015

24. Loans and borrowings (continued)

(a) Terms and debt repayment schedule

Terms and conditions of outstanding loans are as follows.

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	Currency	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	30 June 2015		30 June 2014	
				Face value	Carrying amount	Face value	Carrying amount
Limited recourse notes	AUD	12.00%	2017	20,000	16,227	20,000	12,242
Total interest-bearing liabilities				20,000	16,227	20,000	12,242

The fair value of the 2,000 limited recourse notes with a face value of \$10,000 per note was calculated using a discounted cashflow based on an effective interest rate of 33%. The notes are secured over the assets of Aeon Walford Creek Limited. Subsequent to year end, the existing notes and accrued interest were repaid (refer to Note 30).

25. Financial instruments

Financial risk management

The Group's financial assets consist mainly of deposits with banks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Group does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the entity, other than deposits with Australian regulated banks and trade and other receivables.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	Note	Carrying amount	
		2015	2014
Interest bearing investments	13	44	43
Trade and other receivables	15	91	590
Cash and cash equivalents	16	1,812	5,241
		1,947	5,874

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Impairment losses

The ageing of the trade and other receivables at the end of the reporting period that were not impaired was as follows:

In thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Neither past due nor impaired	91	590
Past due 1 - 30 days	-	-
Past due 31 - 90 days	-	-
Past due 91 - 120 days	-	-
	<u>91</u>	<u>590</u>

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows:

In thousands of AUD

Balance at 1 July 2013	17
Impairment loss recognised	-
Amounts written off	-
Balance at 30 June 2014	<u>17</u>
Balance at 1 July 2014	17
Impairment loss recognised	-
Amounts written off	-
Balance at 30 June 2015	<u>17</u>

At 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014 an impairment loss of \$17 thousand relates to a reimbursement of a deposit paid which the Group is not expecting to be received.

Based on historic default rates, the Group believes that, apart from the above, no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables not past due or past due by up to 30 days.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group managed liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate cash in operating accounts is maintained. The Group has access to a \$30 thousand credit card facility (2014: \$30 thousand). At 30 June 2015 the undrawn amount is \$30 thousand (2014: \$30 thousand).

At 30 June 2015 the Group has payables of \$462 thousand (2014: \$1,463 thousand) due within 3 months.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

30 June 2014

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows					More than 5 years
		Total	2 mths or less	2-12 mths	1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Limited recourse notes (i)	12,242	28,400	-	-	-	28,400	-
Trade payables	1,463	1,463	1,463	-	-	-	-
	13,705	29,863	1,463	0	0	28,400	-

30 June 2015

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows					More than 5 years
		Total	2 mths or less	2-12 mths	1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Limited recourse notes (i)	16,227	28,400	-	-	28,400	-	-
Trade payables	462	462	462	-	-	-	-
	16,689	28,862	1,262	-	28,400	-	-

(i) 20,000 thousand of the contractual cash flow and 8,637 thousand of interest payable in years 1-2 years relates to a limited recourse loan secured over the assets of Aeon Walford Creek Limited.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Board monitors interest rates and equity prices and regularly reviews cashflow requirements.

The Group has no exposure to currency fluctuations and considers its exposure to interest rates and equity prices is minimal.

Aeon Metals Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2015

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate risk

Profile

At the end of the reporting period the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Group was as follows:

<i>In thousands of AUD</i>	Interest Rate	Carrying amount	Interest Rate	Carrying amount
	2015	2015	2014	2014
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial liabilities (i)	12%	16,227	12%	12,242
		16,227		12,242
Variable rate instruments				
Financial assets	2.30%	1,812	2.50%	5,241
Held-to-maturity assets	3.45%	44	3.85%	43
		1,856		5,284

(i) The coupon rate on the limited recourse loan is 12% p.a. however the effective interest rate has been determined to be 33% at the date of entering into the agreement.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Market risk (continued)

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have increased (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

<i>Effect in thousands of AUD</i>	Profit or loss	
	100bp increase	100bp decrease
30 June 2015		
Variable rate instruments	18	(18)
30 June 2014		
Variable rate instruments	52	(52)

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Board ensures costs are not incurred in excess of available funds and as required will seek to raise additional funding through issues of shares for the continuation of the Group's operations. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

Neither the Group nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Aeon Metals Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2015

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position are as follows:

In thousands of AUD

	Note	30 June 2015		30 June 2014	
		Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Assets carried at fair value					
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	13	5	5	8	8
		5	5	8	8
Assets carried at amortised cost					
Interest bearing investments	13	44	44	42	42
Trade and other receivables	15	91	91	590	590
Cash and cash equivalents	16	1,812	1,812	5,241	5,241
		1,947	1,947	5,873	5,873
Liabilities carried at amortised cost					
Trade and other payables	23	(462)	(462)	(1,463)	(1,463)
Limited recourse notes	24	(16,227)	(16,227)	(12,242)	(12,242)
		(16,689)	(16,689)	(13,705)	(13,705)

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by the levels in the fair value hierarchy. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quotes prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

In thousands of AUD

30 June 2015

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit of loss
 Total assets

30 June 2014

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit of loss
 Total assets

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
30 June 2015	5	-	-
30 June 2014	8	-	-

There have been no transfers from Level 1 to Level 2 during the year ended 30 June 2015 (2014: no transfers in either direction).

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

26. Operating leases

Leases as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows.

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Less than one year	50	14
Between one and five years	6	-
More than five years	-	-
	<u>56</u>	<u>14</u>

The Group leases five premises under operating leases. Of these five leases, two leases currently run on a month to month basis. The total rental payments of these two leases is \$3,642. The third and fourth leases are under 12 month contracts, both of which expire in September 2015. The total rental payments on these leases is \$4,711 per month.

The remaining lease, is a 24 month lease, which expires 15 September 2016. The total rental payments are \$3,098 per month.

To determine the operating lease classification, the Group considered that the land title did not pass, the rent paid to the landlord for the building is increased to market rent at regular intervals, and the entity does not participate in the residual value of the building. Accordingly, it was judged that substantially all the risks and rewards of the building are with the landlord. Based on these qualitative factors it was concluded that the leases are operating leases.

27. Commitments and contingencies

There are no contractual commitments or contingent liabilities at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

28. Related parties

Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensation comprised:

in AUD

	2015	2014
Short-term employee benefits	662,266	415,833
Share based payments	-	406,000
Consulting fees	194,000	222,740
Post-employment benefits	57,290	45,293
	<u>913,556</u>	<u>1,089,866</u>

The compensation disclosed above represents an allocation of the key management personnel's estimated compensation from the Group in relation to their services rendered to the Group.

Key management personnel and director transactions

A number of key management persons, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or joint control over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

28. Related parties (continued)

Key management personnel and director transactions (continued)

A number of these entities transacted with the Group during the year. The terms and conditions of the transactions with management persons and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or joint control were as follows:

<i>in AUD</i>	Note	Transaction values year ended 30 June		Balance outstanding as at 30 June	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Key management person					
Thomas Mann	Reimbursements (i)	-	891	-	-
John Goody	Reimbursements (i)	2,246	3,008	193	1,011
Edgar Newman	Reimbursements (i)	7,774	790	160	-
Hamish Collins	Reimbursements (i)	1,095	2,482	95	542
Paul Harris	Reimbursements (i)	-	-	-	-
Total and current liabilities				448	1,553

- (ii) The Group reimbursed John Goody, Edgar Newman and Hamish Collins for business related expenditure. The amounts were paid as per third party receipts.

29. Group entities

Significant subsidiaries

	Country of incorporation	Ownership interest	
		2015	2014
Parent Entity:			
Aeon Metals Limited			
Significant Subsidiaries			
Aussie NQ Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
SLW Queensland Pty Ltd	Australia	60	60
Aeon Walford Creek Ltd (previously Aston Metals (QLD) Ltd)	Australia	100	100

30. Subsequent events

On 1 July 2015, the Company announced a pro rata, non-renounceable entitlement issue of 43,479 thousand shares (subject to adjustments for rounding) at an issue price of 7.5 cents per share on the basis of 1 new share for each 7 shares held by shareholders. The Company also announced on 1 July 2015 that it would be refinancing the existing debt facility agreement on successful completion of the rights issue. The new facility will be due for repayment in December 2017.

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

30. Subsequent events (continued)

The issue was fully underwritten by Pitt Capital Partners Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Washington H Soul Pattinson Ltd and sub underwritten by OCP Asia (Hong Kong) Limited. The issue closed on 27 July 2015 and raised \$3,261 thousand before issue costs.

On 23 July 2015 the Company issued the first tranche of limited recourse loan notes under the new facility and the proceeds were used to repay the existing debt facility and the accrued interest. The second tranche of limited recourse loan notes totalling approximately \$4,750 thousand are subject to shareholder approval which has not yet been obtained.

On 6 August 2015 the Company issued 52,175 thousand warrants exercisable at 9.35c and expiring 17 December 2017. The warrants issue represents the first tranche of warrants to be issued in conjunction with the new financing facility. The second tranche of 20,825 thousand warrants are subject to shareholder approval which has not yet been obtained. The Directors are yet to determine the financial impact of the debt restructure on the Group.

31. Auditors' remuneration

In AUD

Audit and review services

Auditors of the Company - KPMG

Audit and review of financial statements

Other services

Auditors of the Company - KPMG

Due Dilligence related to Aeon Walford Creek Limited acquisition

Research and development tax incentive assistance

	2015	2014
	105,700	76,440
	<u>105,700</u>	<u>76,440</u>
	-	15,605
	15,000	16,500
	<u>15,000</u>	<u>32,105</u>

Aeon Metals Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2015

32. Parent entity disclosures

As at, and throughout, the financial year ending 30 June the parent entity of the Group was Aeon Metals Limited.

in thousands of AUD

	2015	2014
Result of parent entity		
Loss for the year	(7,200)	(5,447)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(7,200)	(5,447)
Financial position of parent entity at year end		
Current assets	1,852	6,137
Non-current assets	43,295	41,625
Total assets	45,147	47,762
Current liabilities	441	1,553
Non-current liabilities	16,277	12,292
Total liabilities	16,718	13,845
	28,429	33,917
Total equity of parent entity comprising of:		
Share capital	45,332	43,409
Reserves	5,523	5,734
Accumulated losses	(22,426)	(15,226)
Total equity	28,429	33,917

Directors' declaration

- 1 In the opinion of the directors of Aeon Metals Limited ('the Company'):
 - (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 28 to 62 and the Remuneration report in section 9 in the Directors' report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2 The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Managing Director (who performed the duties of the chief executive officer and chief financial officer) for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.
- 3 The directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

Dated at Sydney this 30th day of September 2015.



Hamish Collins
Managing Director



Independent auditor's report to the members of Aeon Metals Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Aeon Metals Limited (the company), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 32 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the Group comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error. In note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Group's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Aeon Metals Limited (continued)

Report on the financial report (continued)

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- a) the financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2.

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 21 to 25 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Aeon Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

KPMG

KPMG

Adam Twemlow
Partner

Gold Coast

30 September 2015



Lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To: the directors of Aeon Metals Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

Adam Twemlow
Partner
Gold Coast
30 September 2015

Aeon Metals Limited

For the year ended 30 June 2015

APPENDIX 1: 2015 RESOURCE ESTIMATE ASSUMPTIONS & COPPER EQUIVALENTS

Element	Recovery	Price (US\$)	Price Units	Grade	Grade Units	Value per Tonne	Value per Grade Unit	Equivalents
Cu	0.90	\$3.52	Pounds	0.1	%	\$ 6.98	69.84	0.90
Pb	0.75	\$1.00	Pounds	0.1	%	\$1.65	16.53	0.24
Zn	0.75	\$ 0.95	Pounds	0.1	%	\$1.57	15.71	0.22
Ag	0.75	\$34.00	Ounce	0.1	ppm	\$0.08	0.82	0.0117
Co	0.75	\$ 10.00	Pounds	0.1	%	\$16.53	165.35	2.37
Co	0.75	\$ 10.00	Pounds		ppm			0.000237

The above assumptions were used to generate the copper equivalent equation below:

$$(\text{Cu Equiv} = (0.9 * \text{Cu}_{\text{pc}}) + (0.24 * \text{Pb}_{\text{pc}}) + (0.22 * \text{Zn}_{\text{pc}}) + (0.012 * \text{Ag}_{\text{ppm}}) + (0.000237 * \text{Co}_{\text{ppm}})$$

It is the Company's opinion that all the elements included in the metal equivalents calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered.

Aeon Metals Limited

For the year ended 30 June 2015

APPENDIX 2: WALFORD CREEK PROJECT 2014 DRILL PROGRAM SIGNIFICANT INTERCEPTS

Hole No.	Easting	Northing	Azimuth degrees	Dips degrees	Intersect m	Cu %	Co %	Pb %	Zn %	Ag g/t	From m	To m	
WFPD175	210480	8030460	355	55	7	0.5	0.07	0.7	0.2	26	520	527	
					and 14			0.02	0.9	1.8	13	530	544
					and 26	0.3	0.26	0.2	0.2	16	546	572	
					and 7	0.3	0.06			8	586	593	
WFPD177	210780	8030640	355	55	35	1.0	0.15	1.0	0.7	37	291	326	
					incl 22	1.2	0.17	1.4	0.8	44	302	324	
					incl 3			2.7	4.6	80	305	308	
					incl 8	1.4	0.26	2.8	0.4	58	314	322	
WFPD178	210680	8030640	355	55	33			1.3	1.7	18	214	247	
					incl 9			3.0	2.0	20	214	223	
WFPD179	209062	8030414	355	55	11		0.17	0.33	5.69	8	445	456	
					and 24	0.47	0.07	1.45	0.2	20	581	605	
WFPD181	211230	8030880	355	55	10		0.01	0.7	0.2	27	102	112	
					and 5		0.09	0.1	0.7	4	171	176	
					and 2		0.19	0.3	1.3	15	180	182	
					and 20	1.0	0.24	2.2	2.3	44	266	286	
WFPD182	211580	8031100	355	-55	32	1.5	0.23			21	219	251	
					incl 10	2.0	0.15			26	219	229	
					incl 12	1.9	0.31			26	239	251	
					and 4		0.05	1.6	4.1	71	216	220	
WFPD184	213037	8031691	355	60	4	0.0	0.05	0.1	2.2	10	105	109	
					and 6	0.0	0.04	2.0	0.6	34	160	165	
					and 9	0.0	0.06	3.6	2.7	53	253	262	
					and 20	1.1	0.22	0.1	0.1	27	262	282	
WFPD185	213168	8031721	355	60	13	0.0	0.02	0.9	1.0	24	229	242	
					and 15	2.1	0.15	0.5	0.3	26	242	257	
WFPD187	211994	8031355	355	55	2			2.7		16	14	16	
					and 18	0.4	0.08	2.6	0.3	50	189	207	
					incl 3	0.4	0.08	12.4	0.4	80	197	200	
					and 13	0.4	0.03	0.6	1.3	7	217	230	
WFDD188	211480	8031055	355	-60	15	0.0	0.01	1.2	0.2	42	84	99	
					incl 4	0.0	0.02	3.0	0.1	47	88	92	
					and 4	0.0	0.02	0.2	1.9	13	211	215	
					and 32	0.9	0.14	2.0	0.9	49	231	263	
WFDD188	211480	8031055	355	-60	incl 14	1.2	0.19	2.9	1.4	57	234	248	

JORC Table 1 Information in relation to each of the above holes is set out in the Company's announcement dated 10 October 2014